

In re Patent Application of:
ROCHE ET AL.
Serial No. 10/039,765
Filing Date: **NOVEMBER 7, 2001**
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In the Claims:

Claims 1-20 (Cancelled).

20. (Previously presented) A method of transmitting data between two devices via a clock line and at least one data line, the clock line being maintained by default on a first logic value, the method comprising:

providing each device with the ability to tie the clock line to a potential representing a second logic value opposite the first logic value;

tying the clock line to the second logic value, via the two devices, when data is transmitted;

maintaining the tie to the clock line by the device to which the data is sent while the device has not read the data; and

maintaining the data on the data line by the device sending the data at least until an instant when the clock line is released by the device to which the data is sent.

21. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 20, wherein one of the two devices is a master device and the other is a slave device, the master device tying the clock line to the second logic value before the slave device when data is transmitted, regardless of the direction in which the data is transmitted.

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22. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 21, wherein the master device ties the clock line to the second logic value after applying data to the data line when the master device is sending the data to the slave device.

23. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 22, wherein the slave device detects the second logic value on the clock line, then ties the clock line to the second logic value and reads the data, when the slave device is receiving the data from the master device.

24. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 23, wherein a time period that the slave device has to release the clock line after receiving data, is independent of any action by the master device, as the master device does not send any new data while the slave device has not released the clock line.

25. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 21, wherein the master device ties the clock line to the second logic value when the master receives data from the slave device.

26. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 25, wherein the slave device detects the second logic value on the clock line, then ties the clock line to the second logic value, and applies the data to the data line, when the slave device is sending data to the master device.

27. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim

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26, wherein a time period that the slave device has to release the clock line after sending the data, is independent of any action by the master device, as the master device does not tie the clock line to the second logic value to request a new data until the slave device has released the clock line.

28. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 21, wherein when the clock line has the first logic value, a time period that the master device has to tie the clock line to the second logic value is independent of any action by the slave device.

29. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 21, further comprising providing the slave device with a communication interface circuit including:

trigger means for automatically tying the clock line to the second logic value when the clock line is changing from the first logic value to the second logic value;

an input for applying a clock line release signal to the trigger means; and

an output for delivering a status signal that has a first value when the clock line is tied to the second logic value by the trigger means and a second value when the clock line is released by the trigger means.

30. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 29, wherein the communication interface circuit further comprises:

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means for storing at least one data; and
means for automatically applying the at least one
stored data to the data line when the clock line changes from the
first logic value to the second logic value.

31. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim
20, wherein the first logic value is 1 and the second logic value
is 0.

32. (Previously presented) A method of transmitting
data between two devices connected via a clock line and at least
one data line, the method comprising:

maintaining the clock line on a first logic value as a
default;

providing each device with the ability to tie the clock
line to a potential representing a second logic value;

tying the clock line to the second logic value, via the
two devices, when data is transmitted;

maintaining the tie to the clock line by the device to
which the data is sent while the device has not read the data;
and

maintaining the data on the data line by the device
sending the data at least until the clock line is released by the
device to which the data is sent.

33. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim
32, wherein one of the two devices is a master device and the
other is a slave device, the master device tying the clock line

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to the second logic value before the slave device when data is transmitted, regardless of the direction in which the data is transmitted.

34. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 33, wherein the master device ties the clock line to the second logic value after applying data to the data line when the master device is sending the data to the slave device.

35. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 34, wherein the slave device detects the second logic value on the clock line, then ties the clock line to the second logic value and reads the data, when the slave device is receiving the data from the master device.

36. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 35, wherein a time period that the slave device has to release the clock line after receiving data, is independent of any action by the master device, as the master device does not send any new data while the slave device has not released the clock line.

37. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 33, wherein the master device ties the clock line to the second logic value when the master receives data from the slave device.

38. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 37, wherein the slave device detects the second logic value on the clock line, then ties the clock line to the second logic

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value, and applies the data to the data line, when the slave device is sending data to the master device.

39. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 38, wherein a time period that the slave device has to release the clock line after sending the data, is independent of any action by the master device, as the master device does not tie the clock line to the second logic value to request a new data until the slave device has released the clock line.

40. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 33, wherein when the clock line has the first logic value, a time period that the master device has to tie the clock line to the second logic value is independent of any action by the slave device.

41. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 33, further comprising providing the slave device with a communication interface circuit including:

a trigger circuit for automatically tying the clock line to the second logic value when the clock line is changing from the first logic value to the second logic value;

an input for applying a clock line release signal to the trigger circuit; and

an output for delivering a status signal that has a first value when the clock line is tied to the second logic value by the trigger circuit and a second value when the clock line is released by the trigger circuit.

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42. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 41, wherein the communication interface circuit further comprises:
a buffer for storing at least one data; and
a circuit for automatically applying the at least one stored data to the data line when the clock line changes from the first logic value to the second logic value.

43. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 32, wherein the first logic value is 1 and the second logic value is 0.

44. (Previously presented) A data transmitting/receiving device comprising:
a clock line connection terminal for connection to a clock line;
at least one data line connection terminal for connection to a data line;
means for tying the clock line to a potential representing a second logic value that is the opposite of a first logic value; and
data sending means for waiting for the clock line to have the first logic value, applying data to the data line, tying the clock line to the second logic value, then releasing the clock line, and maintaining the data on the data line at least until the clock line has the first logic value, when the data is to be sent.

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45. (Previously presented) A device according to Claim 44, further comprising data receiving means for waiting for the clock line to have the first logic value, tying the clock line to the second logic value, reading data on the data line, then releasing the clock line, when the data is to be received.

46. (Previously presented) A data transmitting/receiving device comprising:

a clock line connection terminal for connection to a clock line;

at least one data line connection terminal for connection to a data line;

means for tying the clock line to a potential representing a second logic value that is the opposite of a first logic value; and

means for detecting a change from the first logic value to the second logic value on the clock line, tying the clock line to the second logic value, reading data on the data line, and releasing the clock line, when the data is to be received.

47. (Previously presented) A device according to Claim 46, further comprising means for detecting a change from the first logic value to the second logic value on the clock line, tying the clock line the second logic value, applying data to the data line, and releasing the clock line, when the data is to be sent.

48. (Previously presented) A synchronous data

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transmission system comprising:

- a clock line;

- a data line;

- a master data transmitting/receiving device comprising
 - a clock line connection terminal connected to the clock line,

- at least one data line connection terminal connected to the data line,

- means for tying the clock line to a potential representing a second logic value that is the opposite of a first logic value, and

- data sending means for waiting for the clock line to have the first logic value, applying data to the data line, tying the clock line to the second logic value, then releasing the clock line, and

- maintaining the data on the data line at least until the clock line has the first logic value, when the data is to be sent; and

- a slave data transmitting/receiving device comprising

- a clock line connection terminal connected to the clock line;

- at least one data line connection terminal connected to the data line;

- means for tying the clock line to the potential representing the second logic value; and

- means for detecting a change from the first logic value to the second logic value on the clock line, tying the clock line to the second logic value, reading

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the data on the data line, and releasing the clock line, when the data is to be received.

49. (Previously presented) A system according to Claim 48, wherein the master device further comprises data receiving means for waiting for the clock line to have the first logic value, tying the clock line to the second logic value, reading the data on the data line, then releasing the clock line, when the data is to be received by the master device.

50. (Previously presented) A system according to Claim 48, wherein the slave device further comprises means for detecting a change from the first logic value to the second logic value on the clock line, tying the clock line the second logic value, applying the data to the data line, and releasing the clock line, when the data is to be sent from the slave device.

51. (Previously presented) A communication interface circuit for connection to a data transmitting/receiving device via a clock line and at least one data line, the circuit comprising:

means for tying the clock line to a potential representing a second logic value that is the opposite of a first logic value;

trigger means for automatically tying the clock line to the second logic value when the clock line is changing from the first logic value to the second logic value;

an input to apply a clock line release signal to the

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trigger means; and

an output to deliver an information signal that has a first value when the clock line is tied to the second logic signal by the trigger means and a second value when the clock line is released by the trigger means.

52. (Previously presented) A communication interface circuit according to Claim 51 further comprising:

means for storing data; and

means for automatically applying the data to the data line when the clock line changes from the first logic value to the second logic value.